

2019 - What does it hold for you?

WE DIDN'T REALISE WE WERE MAKING MEMORIES WE JUST KNEW WE WERE HAVING FUN...!

MOAA of BC Newsletter

MARION SHERBACK - CONTRIBUTOR

President's Message

With the holidays behind us, most of us having packed away all the decorations, eaten the left overs, and are working on our New Year's Resolutions, whatever they are, I know the year ahead holds 365 blank pages just waiting for you to create whatever life you want. Write a good story!

Time is flying by and we are already turning the pages of the calendar on 2019.

Reflecting on 2018, since assuming the role as



President, it's been a huge learning curve for me. And has put perspective on all the work that goes into the association. Past and present. Personally, I want to thank each one of you, who has ever

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held a position on the board or as a chair.



The association would not be what it is today, or what it will be in the future without the participation of its members. And the hard work that has come before me. Thank you, thank you!

Looking back...

In 2018 we also added

Eventbrite as a means of communicating our events, making it easier than ever to sign up, and participate.

This has proven to be highly successful, as we had 46 registered participants for our Fall Education event, "Privacy and Security" provided by Doctors of BC.



Be sure to read the review and find links to resources that were provided. They will also have a table at the Annual Conference if you wish to learn more.

Thank you! to Anna for all your hard work as Education Chair, we appreciate your commitment to getting us great speakers.

The website needed some refreshing, and after voting on this, it was decided to add alternate forms of payment to the website for conference and membership dues.

Making it easy...

You can now pay for conference and membership on the website, using either

- Paypal -Interac E-transfer
- You can still pay by cheque if you prefer, simply print the

you prefer, simply print the forms and mail them to the membership chair Susan Campbell.



We will have the Registration forms for membership and Conference at the February Workshop.

As a reminder all fees that are for Chapter 17 New Westminster, will remain the same, you will pay your chapter. As a reminder if you wish to attend a meeting, they are held at Royal Columbian Hospital, contact ch17presmoaa@gmail.com for more information.



Looking ahead...

We have been busy working on our upcoming events.

Save the dates!

February 2nd, 2019 Workshop April 12 & 13th, Conference Both will be at the

Executive Inn in Coquitlam.

From the feedback, we will have added back the Friday night social it was noticeably missed last year.

I have heard that a possible reunion is brewing for the Friday night! I hope it's true! It would be great to see old faces and catch up, as well as to see new ones and make new memories.



I am looking forward to a successful year and hope to see you all February 2nd for our workshop and at conference.

Shine bright!

Marion



Information on Changes to Auto Insurance in BC

Increased Care Benefits

The overall allowance for medical care and recovery expenses has doubled to \$300,000 in order to better support those injured in a crash – retroactively applicable to claims on or after January 1st, 2018.

ICBC will pay more per treatment based on fair market rates - the first update since 1991 - meaning customers will no longer be out-of-pocket for most expenses. The new treatment fees will come into effect for treatments on or after April 1st, 2019. These new fees apply to **ALL** injured customers, regardless of fault or accident date. This is good news for all British Columbians injured in a crash and their treatment providers. It also reinforces our commitment to a care-focused model.

ICBC is funding new types of treatments in which Registered Massage Therapists, Physiotherapists, Registered Acupuncturists, Registered Clinical Counsellors, Psychologists, Chiropractors, and Kinesiologists will have a set number of **preauthorized** treatments available within the first 12 weeks following a claimant's injury.

Regulations Announced

On **November 9, 2018**, government released regulations which put in place the supporting details to increase the number and types of pre-approved treatments, updated fees for health care practitioners and the legal definition of a minor injury subject to the limit on pain and suffering. For more information on the changes, you can find our **health care partner Q&A** in the ICBC changes to insurance section of the Business Partners page.

Business Partners Page

ICBC is committed to keeping you informed as we move forward with the changes. Keep an eye for further communications on the ICBC Business Partners page, which can be accessed via the top banner on icbc.com.

Here you can also find a dedicated online form to input any questions you have.
Additionally, visit icbc.com/change for an overview of all changes being made to auto insurance, including the care model underpinning changes to injury claims.

Learning Resources Coming Soon

Starting March 2019, ICBC will provide learning resources to ensure you are fully aware of the changes around reporting, invoicing, the care and recovery process, and information regarding the role of **Registered Care Advisor**. To stay informed, please visit the Business Partners page via icbc.com.



Learn more

February 2nd, 2019 9:00 am - 12:00 pm

At our education event!

You can register at Eventbrite, click link

https://www.eventbrite.ca/e/feb ruary-education-seminartickets53627052959?ref=enivtef oroo1&utm_source=eb_email&u tm_medium=email&utm_camp aign=inviteformalv2&utm_term =attend

Check up? Are <u>YOU</u> up to date?

Most people, when they think about vaccinations and immunizations, they think of children. Did you know that you should have boosters as adults? And not just for tetanus.



ALL ADULTS NEED:

INFLUENZA YEARLY

Tetanus every 10 years

DIPHTHERIA - EVERY 10 YEARS

HOW OLD ARE YOU?

SHINGLES - 50 YEARS OR OLDER

PNEUMOCOCCAL - 65 YEARS OR OLDER (PCV and PPSV) **

HPV - FEMALE UNDER 27 YEARS

HPV - MALE UNDER 22 YEARS

BASED ON CONDITIONS

ASTHMA - PNEUMOCOCCAL-PPSV*
HEART DISEASE PNEUMOCOCCAL-PPSV

LUNG DISEASE/COPD PNEUMOCOCCAL-PPSV

Cochlear implants -Pneumoccal – PCV & PPSV

Cancer Pneumoccal - PCV & PPSV

Kidney Disease Pneumoccal – PCV & PPSV

Sickle cell Disease Pneumoccal – PCV $\&\ PPSV$

Spinal Fluid Leaks Pneumoccal – PCV & PPSV

Weakened Immune system Pneumoccal – PCV & PPSV

Diabetes should have Hepatitis B & Pneumococcal-PPSV

HIV/AIDS should have Hepatitis B & Pneumococcal - PCV & PPSV

** PCV - Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine

* PPSV = - pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine

You can track your own immunizations with this easy to print/use tracker.

http://www.adultvaccination.org/adult -tracker

Screening can help you stay healthy

When was your last Annual exam?

Recommendations

- -Blood pressure at least once every 2 years
- -Cholesterol every 5 years
- -Diabetes screening
- -skin exam check moles

When was your last pap?

Women age 25-69 should be screened every 3 years

Eye exam?

Every 2 years

Are you over 50? Have you had a FIT test?

The fecal immunochemical test (FIT) is a screening test for <u>colon</u> <u>cancer</u>. It tests for hidden blood in the stool, which can be an early sign of cancer.

Mammogram? When should you get one?

- yearly- If you are over 40 to 74 years with a relative with Breast Cancer -
- every 2 years- If you are 40-74 years without a family history
- -If you are over 75 years speak to your doctor
- -Under 40 years old, not recommended unless you have known BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation
- -Self exam is recommended

Dental exams - yearly
Bone Density - over 40 years
Hearing test -over 55 years

Did you know?

Tinnitus is actually a form of hearing loss in the upper registers?

It is the brain's way of compensating for not quite hearing the higher frequency and in defense starts making its own sound "ringing in the ears" also known as Tinnitus.

When was your last hearing test?

Great article in link below

https://www.hearit.org/Close-relationshipbetween-Tinnitus-and-Hearing-loss

Most hearing tests are free, and suggest to your patients is they have one, that they can try most hearing aids for 60 days for free, so not to be tempted to keep the first pair, and make sure they have the ones that work best for them.



"The good news is the doctor doesn't think the horrible noise in my ears is tinnitus. The bad news is he thinks it's you."



A man goes to the doctor and says to the doctor, I think my wife is going deaf.

The doctor says when you return home, you can do a test with your wife. Say something to your wife from another room, if she doesn't answer, move a few feet closer and repeat what you said. Keep moving closer until she hears you. Then come back and tell me what you find out.

The man returns home and decides to test his wife. He sits in his chair in the living room and calls out to his wife. "Honey, what time is dinner?" He doesn't get an answer. He moves a few feet closer, and says "Honey, what time is dinner?" again, he doesn't get an answer. He moves a few feet closer again, and still doesn't get an answer.

He repeats this again and again, until he is right behind his wife in the kitchen.

"Honey, what time is dinner?"
His wife turns around and
angrily says "Are you deaf?!
I've told you ten times
already!!"



A mother complained to her consultant about her daughter's strange eating habits.

"All day long she lies in bed and eats yeast and car wax. What will happen to her?"

"Eventually," said the consultant, "she will rise and shine."

Advance Care Planning

Making Future Health Care Decisions

Advance care planning begins by thinking about your beliefs, values and wishes regarding future health care treatment. It is about having conversations with your close family, friends and health care provider(s) so that they know the health care treatment you would agree to, or refuse, if you become incapable of expressing your own decisions.

When you write down your wishes and instructions for future health care, you are making an Advance Care Plan. An Advance Care Plan is a written summary of a capable adult's wishes or instructions to guide a substitute decision maker if that person is asked by a physician or other health care provider to make a health care treatment decision on behalf of the adult

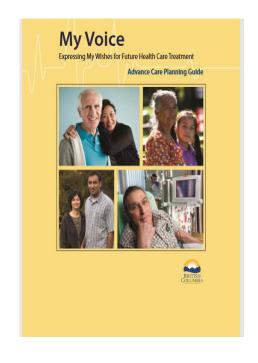
Your Advance Care Plan can also include:

- A Representation
 Agreement where you
 write your instructions
 and name someone to
 make your health and
 personal care decisions
 if you become
 incapable.
- An Advance Directive
 with your instructions
 for health care that
 are given to your
 health care provider,
 which they must follow
 directly when it speaks
 to the care you need at
 the time if you become
 incapable.
- An Enduring Power of Attorney where you appoint someone to make decisions about your financial affairs, business and property.

Steps to Creating Your Advance Care Plan

Step 1: Download the Advance Care Planning Guide.

The B.C. government's advance care planning guide is called My Voice: Expressing My Wishes for Future Health Care Treatment. You can use it to learn about advance care planning and also to make your own advance care plan that will serve as your voice in the future. Please note that you can select the pages to print from the document below (i.e. forms). You do not have to print the entire document.



- My Voice: Expressing My Wishes for Future Health Care Treatment
 - English Version (PDF, 4.0MB)
 - Punjabi Version (PDF, 1.0MB)
 - Simplified
 Chinese Version
 (PDF, 1.1MB)

If you wish to order hard copies of the My Voice: Expressing My Wishes for Future Health Care Treatment guide in single or in bulk (English only), please visit Crown Publication's website

http://www.crownpub.bc.ca/Product/Details/7610003494_

Sor by calling Crown Publications staff Monday through Friday 8:30am to 4:30pm Pacific Standard Time at: Telephone: 250 387-6409 or 1 800 663-6105 (toll-free in BC). A charge for shipping and handling, plus applicable taxes will be applied to your order.

If you are an employee of a health authority, please contact your health authority's advance care planning lead. Contact

information may be available on your internal website.

 My Voice Advance Care Planning Guide Quick Tips (PDF, 346KB)

Step 2: Have family conversations about your beliefs, values and wishes. Every advance care plan with starts conversations between you and your trusted family members or friends. It may feel hard to get started, but usually the people who about you will care understand the need for conversations. these

Step 3: Decide what health care treatments you will or won't accept, and note them the quide. It's important to think about when you might want to life-supporting accept interventions — things like breathing machines. feeding tubes. You should also think about when you might prefer not to have life support or life-prolonging interventions.

Step 4: Gather the contact information for the people who could be individually asked to be your Temporary Substitute Decision Maker (TSDM) if a health care decision is needed for you,

and write it down in the guide.

If you don't like the order of people to be asked on the Temporary Substitute Decision Maker list, or if you have many adult children, or if you would rather have your friend, not your brother for example, be asked to make health care decisions for you, then you can choose the person you want to decide for you by naming them as your Representative in a legally Representation binding Agreement, so that your health care provider can ask them instead.

Step 5: Put your Advance Care Plan in a safe, accessible place.

Your Advance Care Plan is a really important document. If you have a chronic health condition, if you engage in high-risk activities, or even if you're just marking a significant birthday, you should have an Advance Care Plan. Make sure the people who need it, can find it, quickly. You can change your advance care plan at any time as long as you remain capable.

If you need help finding the advance care planning guide, call HealthLink BC, toll-free at 8-1-1 (dial 7-1-1 for deaf and hearing-impaired [TTY] assistance).

More Advance Care Planning Resources

VIDEOS

Watch the video Advance Care Planning in BC:

- English
- English with Punjabi subtitles
- English with Simplified Chinese subtitles

BROCHURES

For brochures about advance care planning, click below:

- Introduction to Advance Care Planning
 - English Version (PDF, 1.5MB)
 - Punjabi Version (PDF, 1.3MB)
 - Simplified Chinese Version (PDF, 262KB)
- Aboriginal Health
 Advance Care Planning:
 Respecting Aboriginal
 Ceremonies and Rites
 (PDF, 1.5MB)

Print versions (designed to be printed double-sided and folded in):

- <u>Introduction to</u>
 <u>Advance Care Planning</u>
 (PDF, 1.5MB)
- Aboriginal Health
 Advance Care Planning:
 Respecting Aboriginal
 Ceremonies and Rites
 (PDF, 1.5MB)

If you are any other organization and wish to order bulk single-page brochures on advance care planning (English only), please contact the Distribution Centre Victoria by email to Sean.Johnson@gov.bc.ca.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

 Frequently Asked Questions (PDF, 592KB)

INFORMATION FROM HEALTH AUTHORITIES

B.C.'s regional health authorities all have some information on advance care planning. For more information, visit:

- Fraser Health:
 Advance Care Planning
- <u>Interior Health:</u> Advance Care Planning

- Northern Health:
 Advance Care Planning
- Vancouver Coastal
 Health: Advance Care
 Planning
- Vancouver Island
 Health Authority:
 Advance Care Planning
- First Nations Health
 <u>Authority: Advance</u>
 <u>Care Planning</u>

LEGISLATION

The Ministry of Justice provides additional legal information useful for your advance care planning. To learn more, see:

Incapacity Planning:
 Representation
 Agreements and
 Enduring Powers of
 Attorney

DEALING WITH THE LEGAL MATTERS RELATED TO A DEATH

For information on the steps to take when a death occurs and instructions for obtaining death certificates, please see:

• <u>BC Vital Statistics:</u>
<u>Death Registration and</u>
Certificates

PERSONAL PLANNING INFO AND SERVICES

For additional personal and advance care planning information and services, please visit:

- Public Guardian and <u>Trustee of British</u> Columbia
- Nidus
- <u>Legal Services Society:</u> MyLawBC



Most doctors are aware of Mental Health Planning fees, do you know there is also a

Palliative Care Planning Fee

14063 GP Palliative Care
Planning fee.............. 100.00

This fee is payable upon the development and documentation of a Care Plan for patients who in your clinical judgement have reached the palliative stage of a lifelimiting disease or illness, with life expectancy of up to 6 months, and who consent to the focus of care being palliative. Examples include end-stage cardiac, respiratory, renal and liver disease, end stage dementia, degenerative neuromuscular disease, HIV/AIDS or malignancy. This fee requires a face-to-face visit and assessment of the patient. If the patient is incapable of participating in the assessment to confirm and agree to their being palliative, then the patient's alternate substitute decision maker or legal health representative must be consulted and asked to provide informed consent. The GP Palliative Planning and Management fee is payable

only to the family physician who commits to providing the majority of the patient's longitudinal comprehensive general practice care for the patient. The Care Plan requires documentation of the following in the patient's chart: 1. There has been a detailed review of the case/chart and of current therapies. 2. Name and contact information for substitute decision maker. 3. Documentation of eligible condition(s). 4. There has been a face-to-face planning visit with the patient, or the patient's medical

representative if appropriate, on the same calendar day that Care Planning Incentive code is billed. 5. Specifies a clinical plan for the patient's care. 6. Documentation of patient's current health status including the use of validated assessment tools when available and appropriate to the condition(s) covered by the care planning incentive.

Patient Eligibility: • Eligible patients must be living at home or in assisted living. • Patients in Acute and Long Term Care Facilities are not eligible.

Have you heard about MAID?

Medical Assistance in Dying - Information for Health-Care Providers

Medical assistance in dying is a relatively new health-care service in B.C. and healthcare providers may have the questions about administrative steps in providing this service, as well reporting their obligations. See below for information on some of the administrative common processes involved in providing medical assistance dying, as well information on the reporting requirements and provincial forms to be used for this purpose.

For clarification on practice standards, health-care providers should contact their provincial regulatory college. Each college's standards are also accessible through links at the bottom of this page.

Changes to Reporting Requirements for Practitioners and Pharmacists

As of Nov. 1, 2018, the requirements for reporting

on medical assistance in dying are changing. All B.C. required provincial forms for medical assistance be dying must now submitted the B.C. to of Health. the Ministry designated recipient reportable information from physicians, nurse practitioners and pharmacists. The BC Coroners Service will no longer receive the provincial forms on this date.



Physicians, nurse practitioners and pharmacists have new reporting obligations that they must be aware of. These requirements are specified in new federal Regulations for the Monitoring of Medical Assistance in dying (Regulations - effective Nov. 1, 2018), and in B.C.'s standards college for physicians, nurse practitioners and pharmacists.

All provincial and federal reportable information is included on B.C.'s provincial for medical forms assistance in dying. This means that the practitioner (Assessor and Prescriber) or pharmacist's completion and submission of their provincial form(s) to the B.C. Ministry of Health will fulfill their provincial federal and obligations reporting regarding medical assistance in dying. A single designated streamlines recipient the reporting process for B.C. practitioners and pharmacists.

> NOTE: The latest provincial forms MUST be used by practitioners and pharmacists if the patient's written request is dated on or after Nov. 1, 2018. The Ministry of Health will accept old forms if the patient's written request was dated prior to Nov. 1, 2018

What is reportable - by who and when?

There are a number of new reporting requirements for practitioners (Assessors and Prescribers) and pharmacists (see 1 to 3 below), as well as the existing requirement that practitioners must report on deaths due to medical assistance in dying (see 4).

See the <u>Medical Assistance</u> in Dying in British Columbia: Reporting at a Glance (PDF, 214KB) one-page reference guide.

The reporting requirement for practitioners is triggered once a patient's written request is received, even if the request does not result in medical assistance in dying.

What constitutes a patient's written request?

For reporting purposes, a patient's written request may take any form. It does not have to be in the format required as a safeguard under the Criminal Code(i.e. duly signed,

dated and witnessed). However, it must be an explicit request for medical assistance in dying and not just an inquiry or request for information. Examples of a written request the Patient include Request Record (HLTH 1632) form, a written paper request, and a request received email or text message.

Note: The above definition only applies to triggers what reporting requirement and not to the actual provision of medical assistance in dying, which in B.C. requires a patient's completion of the Patient Request Record(HLTH 1632) form.

Transfer of request (Practitioner) NEW

A practitioner who receives a patient's written request for medical assistance in dying and transfers the request or care of the patient to another practitioner or MAiD Care Coordination Service for any reason,

must report to the Ministry of Health within 30 days after the day of transfer.

Reporting is accomplished by the practitioner completing and faxing the Transfer of Request (HLTH 1642) form to the Ministry of Health at 778 698-4678.

Reporting caveats (under the federal Regulations):

- i. The practitioner submitting a HLTH 1642 form is not required to report further information identified under categories 2, 3 and 4 below.
- ii. The reporting
 is not
 required if the
 transfer
 happens "after
 the 90th day
 after the day on
 which the
 practitioner
 received the
 request."

- iii. The practitioner who is planning to be the provider of medical assistance in dying would be required to submit a HLTH 1642 form if they are unable to provide the service and instead refer the patient's request to another provider.
- 2. Ineligibility,
 withdrawal of
 request, or death
 from another
 cause (Practitioner) NEW

A practitioner who receives a patient's written request for the purpose of eligibility assessment or provision of medical assistance in dying, must report to the Ministry of Health within 30 days of becoming aware of any of the following information related to patient ineligibility or planning being discontinued:

- a) The patient is assessed as ineligible for medical assistance in dying;
- b) The patient is now ineligible after previously being assessed as eligible;
- c) The patient has withdrawn their request; or
- d) The patient has died from another cause

The Assessor will report using the Assessment Record (Assessor) form (HLTH 1633).

The **Prescriber** will report using the Assessment Record (Prescriber) form (HLTH 1634).

Note: The Assessor or Prescriber will the Patient include Request Record (HLTH 1632) and Consultant's Assessment if applicable (HLTH 1635) with their reporting, and will fax the required forms to the Ministry of Health at 778 698-4678.

Reporting caveat (under the federal Regulations):

- is not
 required if the
 practitioner
 becomes aware
 of the
 information
 "after the 90th
 day after the
 day on which
 the practitioner
 received the
 request".
- 3. Dispensing of substance for medical assistance in dying (Pharmacist) NEW

full pharmacist who dispenses substance in connection with the provision of medical assistance in dying must report to the Ministry Health within business days of the day on which the substance is scheduled to be administered to the patient.

Reporting is accomplished by the full pharmacist completing (in

collaboration with the prescribing practitioner) and faxing the Dispensing Record (Pharmacist) (HLTH 1641) form to the Ministry of Health at 778 698-4678.

4. Provision of medical assistance in dying (Practitioner)

The practitioner who provides medical assistance in dying (by administering a substance or providing a substance for the patient's self-administration) must report to the Ministry of Health within 72 hours of confirmation of the patient's death.

The Prescriber will report using the Assessment Record (Prescriber) (HLTH 1634) form. which includes sections on the planning and administration medical assistance in dying. The Prescriber will include the following forms with their reporting and will fax the forms to the

Ministry of Health at 778-698-4678: Patient Request Record (HLTH 1632); Assessment Record (Assessor)(HLTH 1633); Consultant's Assessment (HLTH 1635) if applicable; Prescription and Medication Administration Record These forms are also identified the Medical Assistance in Dying in British Columbia: Reporting at Glance one-page reference document.

Note 1: The Medical Certification of Death form must be completed and submitted the to funeral director SO that Disposition а Permit may be issued, not to the Ministry of Health fax number for reporting on medical assistance in dying.

Note 2: As is the case with other deaths in B.C., if the patient's underlying condition relates to an accident, violence or self-inflicted injury, the practitioner must also report the death to

the coroner on call in the region where the incident giving rise to the injury occurred by calling 1 855 207-0637.

Why are some B.C. reporting timelines shorter than the federal ones?

In B.C., some of the timelines practitioner and pharmacist reporting have been shortened compared to what are outlined in the federal Regulations. The following two shortened timelines ensure that B.C. practitioners and pharmacists only have to report once to meet provincial oversight and federal monitoring requirements:

Provision of medical assistance in dying - the providing practitioner (Prescriber) is required to report within 72 hours of confirmation of the patient's death (instead of "within 30 days" under the federal Regulations).

Dispensing for medical assistance in dying the dispensing
 pharmacist is required
 to report within 6
 business days after
 the day on which the
 substance is scheduled
 to be administered to
 the patient (instead of
 "within 30 days" under
 the
 federal Regulations).

What forms must be completed and where can I find them?

The provincial standardized forms for medical assistance in dying are available on the Ministry of Health's website (see quick link to Forms in right column of this page). These provincial forms are to used be by patients, practitioners and pharmacists, and **must** be downloaded from this website each time they are required to ensure the most recent version is used

The set of provincial forms related to medical assistance in dying includes the following:

 Patient Request Record (HLTH 1632) for a patient to record details related to their

- request for medical assistance in dying.
- Transfer of
 Request (HLTH
 1642) for a
 practitioner to record
 details of their
 transfer of a patient's
 written request or
 care to another
 practitioner or MAiD
 Care Coordination
 Service, for any
 reason.
- Assessment Record
 (Assessor) (HLTH
 1633) for an
 assessing practitioner
 to record details of a
 patient's eligibility
 assessment, and, if
 applicable, reasons for
 planning being
 discontinued (e.g., due
 to a patient
 withdrawing their
 request).
- Assessment Record
 (Prescriber) (HLTH
 1634) for a
 prescribing
 practitioner to record
 details of a patient's
 eligibility assessment
 and, if applicable,
 reasons for planning
 being discontinued or
 details related to the
 planning and
 administering of

- medical assistance in dying.
- Consultant's
 Assessment of
 Patient's Informed
 Consent Decision
 Capability (HLTH
 1635) for a
 consulting practitioner
 to record details of
 their capability
 assessment.
- Dispensing Record
 (Pharmacist) (HLTH
 1641) for a full
 pharmacist to record
 details of their
 dispensing and the
 prescribing
 practitioner's receipt
 of medications, as well
 as the reconciliation of
 returned medications
 after medical
 assistance in dying.

Medical Certification of Death (VSA 406A) - the prescribing practitioner must complete this form within 48 hours of death in compliance with Section 18 of the Vital Statistic Act, and provide the completed form to the funeral director so that a Disposition Permit may be issued. (This form is not to be submitted to the Ministry of Health fax number for reporting on medical assistance in dying.)

The completion of these provincial forms meets the requirements of the federal Regulations for the Monitoring of Medical Assistance in Dying, B.C.'s regulatory professional colleges (Physicians and Surgeons, Nursing Professionals. and Pharmacists), the B.C. Ministry of Health and the B.C. Vital Statistics Agency, regarding the completion of documentation and reporting on medical assistance dying.

Where are the forms to be submitted?

The patient can submit their Patient Request Record (HLTH 1632) directly to their physician or nurse practitioner, or can contact a health authority's care coordination service for medical assistance in dying (see health authority links below).

The physician, nurse practitioner or pharmacist will fax their requisite provincial form(s) to the Ministry of Health at 778 698-4678, within the timeframe required for each reporting requirement.

Details Note: on reporting requirements in the are addressed section above titled "What is reportable - by who and when?" As well, instructions are indicated at the top of each provincial form and in its accompanying instruction quide (see quick link to Forms page in right column on this page).

What is the process for prescribing drugs used in medical assistance in dying?

Physicians, nurse practitioners and pharmacists

must follow the standards set out by their respective professional college when writing a prescription or dispensing drugs for medical assistance in dying. There is an expectation that the British

Columbia standardized drug protocols and prescription form will be used.

The British Columbia Pharmacy Protocols guidance document and the British Columbia Medical Assistance in Dying Prescription form the pre-printed (includes medication order and administration record) are not available for general distribution. The prescribing physician or nurse practitioner can access these documents by contacting the authority health care coordination service for medical assistance in dying, or the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Pharmacists also familiarize may themselves with the standardized drug protocols by accessing the British Columbia Pharmacy Protocols guidance document through the secure portion of the College of Pharmacists website

When drugs need to be purchased from a community pharmacy, in order for patients to get 100% coverage, the prescriber must:

- Complete
 the <u>Application for</u>
 <u>PharmaCare Medication</u>
 <u>Coverage for Medical</u>
 <u>Assistance in</u>
 <u>Dying form.</u>
- Fax the form to the Ministry of Health PharmaCare Special Authority branch at 1 800 609-4884, along with the following completed sections of the B.C. Medical Assistance in Dying Prescription form:
 - Identification and Declaration section:
 - Intravenous
 Drug Protocol section; and
 - Oral Drug
 Protocol section.

Please note that:

 The form should not be sent to a health authority or the B.C. Ministry of Health fax number for reporting on medical assistance in dying (which receives the provincial

- forms that contain reportable information for medical assistance in dying).
- 2. The special authority form should be submitted as soon as possible to ensure approval before the drugs are required.
- 3. The special authority is approved for a period of 60 days, which can be extended upon request.

When drugs and supplies are dispensed from a health authority pharmacy, they are fully covered by the health authority.

More information on the. expectations related to the prescription process available in the standards of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the standards, limits and conditions of the College of Pharmacists of British Columbia, and the standards. limits and conditions of the British Columbia College of Nursing Professionals.

How do I fill out the death certificate after providing medical assistance in dying?

In order to meet the requirement that medical assistance in dying is

indicated on the Medical Certification of Death and that the cause of death is underlying illness disease causing the grievous and irremediable medical condition, the Vital Statistics Agency recommends that the Medical Certification of Death be completed as follows:

- Report medical assistance in dying in PART 1 (a);
- Report the underlying illness/disease causing the grievous and irremediable medical condition in PART I (b); and
- Report manner of death as "natural."

For example:

Manner		Netural Pending finalized details of ratural courses or MUST be notified of any sensetural death including: accidents, misadvanture, solicide, etc.	The Handbook for Physicians, Murso Procediment and Contract is available on-line.	
	Assessment of	M		
Immediate cause of death. Annecedent causes. If any, giving rise to the immediate cause (a) above, stating the underlying causes last.		(4)		
		(b) ALS - Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis dus ID, or as a consequence of		
		MAID - Medical Assistance in Dyling (a) Use III, or at a consequence of		
PARTI		Approximate interval Between		

Who should I contact with questions about medical assistance in dying policy and processes?

Health-care providers within health working authorities should contact their health authority's coordinator for designated medical assistance in dying, or their supervisor for more information on policy and processes. Health authorities play a central role in the coordination of medical assistance in dying services, and are prepared to support patients and care providers who need assistance navigating the service.

Fraser		Health
Interior		Health
<u>Island</u>		Health
Northern		Health
Provincial	Health	Services
Authority		
Vancouver	Coastal F	<u>lealth</u>

Health-care providers not affiliated with a health authority should contact their provincial regulatory college for information on medical assistance in dying processes.

For people living in a First Nations community or care providers working in First Nations communities, please email the First Nations Health Authority (maid@fnha.ca) if you have any questions or require further assistance in coordination.

Standards and Guidelines

The provincial regulatory colleges have laid out medical assistance in dying standards and guidelines so registrants know what is expected of them when they are approached about or are participating in providing the service:

- Standards from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of B.C.
- Standards for registered nurses and nurse practitioners from the B.C. College of Nursing Professionals
- Standards from the <u>College of Pharmacists</u> of B.C.



How do I bill MSP for MAid medical assistance in dying services?

Fees and codes:

13501 Assessor Prescriber MAiD Assessment Fee \$ 42.65

Assessor Prescriber Includes all requirements of a MAiD assessment, including review of medical records, patient encounter and completion of the MAID Assessment Record (Prescriber). The assessment may be provided either inperson or by video conference - per 15 minutes or greater portion thereof -Maximum payable is 135 minutes (9 units). Services which exceed the maximum will be given independent consideration with an explanatory letter. ii) Start and end time for the assessment must be entered in both the billing claim and patient's chart. iii) Additionally, start and end time for the patient encounter must be entered in the patient's chart. iv) Only one service for 13501 or 13502 may be performed by video conference.

13502 - Assessor MAiD Assessment Fee \$ 42.65

Assessor Includes all requirements of a MAiD assessment, including review of medical records, patient encounter and completion of the MAID Assessment Record (Assessor). The assessment may be provided either inperson or by video conference - per 15 minutes or greater portion thereof Maximum payable is 105 minutes (7 units). Services which exceed the maximum will be given independent consideration with an explanatory letter. ii) Start and end time for the assessment must be entered in both the billing claim and patient's chart. iii) Additionally, start and end time for the patient encounter must be entered in the patient's chart. iv) Not payable with 13501 by same physician. v) Only one service for 13501 or 13502 may be performed by video

13503 - Physician witness to video conference MAiD conference.

\$ 42.65

Physician witness to video conference MAiD

Assessment - Patient Encounter Physician must be in personal attendance with the patient for the duration of the patient encounter with the Assessor or Assessor Prescriber. Billable only for time spent witnessing the patient - Assessor encounter. Includes completion of any required documentation - per 15 minutes or greater portion thereof -Notes: i) Maximum payable is 105 minutes (7 units). Services which exceed the maximum will be given independent consideration with an explanatory letter. ii) Start and end time for the witnessed encounter must be entered in both the billing claim and patient's chart. iii) Not payable with 13501 or 13502 by same physician.

P13504 - MAID Event Preparation and Procedure \$ 280.00

Notes: i) Payable only to Assessor Prescriber.

ii) Includes all necessary elements: establishment of IV, administration of meds, pronouncement of death. iii) Includes pharmacy visits for procedures provided in facilities with on-site pharmacies. iv) Fee 13505 billable in addition for procedures provided in facilities with no on-site pharmacy. v) A same day visit fee is payable in full in addition under fee item 00103 (home) or out of office visit fee items 12200, 13200, 15200, 16200, 17200, and 18200 (all other locations). Fee items 00108, 13008, 00127 and 00114 are not payable.

13505 - MAID Medication Pick-up and Return \$ 125.00

Notes: i) Paid only in addition to 13504. ii) Payable only when MAiD procedure takes place in a location where there is no on-site pharmacy. iii) Not payable when time for medication pick-up and return has been compensated under a different payment modality.



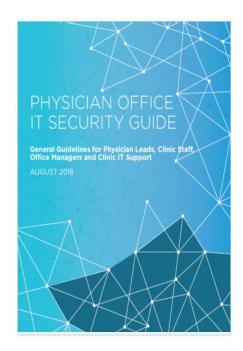
How do I bill for approved travel and training for these services?

The Medical Assistance in Dying Travel and Training Assistance Program provides funding to assist health authorities in the provision of medical assistance in dying services to residents in Rural Subsidiary Agreement communities. The program policy and forms are accessible at the following Rural Practice Programs link: Medical Assistance in Dying Travel and Training Assistance Program Policy and Forms

Forms:

https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/health/accessing-health-care/home-community-care/care-options-and-cost/end-of-life-care/medical-assistance-in-dying/forms?platform=hootsuite&keyword=maid

Speaker Review: Doctors of BC Privacy and Security workshop



For the Fall education workshop, we had great speakers from the Doctors of BC, it was an interactive day!

We were one of the first to receive this workshop in BC And the new guidelines that were released this past August.

The Physician Office IT Security Guide (click link) provides practical steps and best practices to enhance privacy and security at the level. and against physicians protect breaches security and cyberattacks. It is meant help physicians, clinic staff, and IT support to start on the path of creating a security culture within their practice and increase of awareness common safeguards protecting to patient information.

The healthcare sector has become an increasing target for cybercriminals. There are many safeguards clinics can implement to help protect patient information from security breaches and cyberattacks.

https://www.doctorsofbc.ca/ resourcecentre/physicians/managingpractice/privacy-toolkit

This link will take you to FAQ's /Forms for data transfer and other quick guidelines to get you started.

All offices should take the time to review their practice security.

Did you know?

Most offices use similar passwords?

Medical

P@ssw0rd

Physician

Or the office private line phone number

In fact, a lot of staff keep their passwords on a sticky underneath their keyboard!

It is even more important with computers to take safeguards against any breaches.

Office Tools

MSP 2019

Close off dates:

Jan. 3, 2019	Jul. 3, 2019
Jan. 21, 2019	Jul. 19, 2019
Feb. 5, 2019	Aug. 2, 2019
Feb. 15, 2019	Aug. 20, 2019
Mar. 5, 2019	Sept. 3, 2019
Mar. 19, 2019	Sept. 18, 2019
Apr. 3, 2019	Oct. 2, 2019
Apr. 16, 2019	Oct. 21, 2019
May 3, 2019	Nov. 4, 2019
May 21, 2019	Nov. 19, 2019
Jun. 4, 2019	Dec. 3, 2019
Jun. 18, 2019	Dec. 17, 2019





STAT Holidays

Jan. 1, 2019 New Year's Day
Feb. 18, 2019- Family Day
Apr. 19, 2019- Good Friday
Apr. 22, 2019- Easter Monday
May 20, 2019 - Victoria Day
Jul. 1, 2019- Canada Day
Aug. 5, 2019- BC Day
Sept. 2, 2019-Labour Day
Oct. 14, 2019- Thanksgiving
Nov. 11, 2019- Remembrance Day
Dec. 25, 2019- Christmas Day
Dec. 26, 2019- Boxing Day

Conference April 12th & 13th, 2019

EXECUTIVE PLAZA HOTEL & CONFERENCE CENTRE COQUITLAM

405 North Road Coquitlam, B.C. V3K 3V9 Toll Free: 1-888-433-EXEC (3932) Other Enquiries: (604) 936-9399

Fax: (604) 937-4577

Email: info.coq@executivehotels.net

Located close to Skytrain station at Lougheed Mall quick access from Hwy #1

Quick hop to shopping via Skytrain or driving all within 15 minutes of Hotel

- -Coquitlam shopping Centre
- -Metrotown shopping Centre
- -Lougheed Mall

Casinos both within 15 minute drive of Hotel

- -Grand Villa Burnaby
- -Hard Rock Casino

Join us in welcoming

Derek Desroisers specializing in Genomics

Derek is a pharmacist with a special interest in Genomics which is the science of working with and altering DNA

Learn about how genetics and DNA modifiers are changing the future of medicine



Also speaking is Speaker Jenna Reed-Cole

Jenna will speak about her
life challenges and
accomplishments living with
Spina Bifida
(something that one day may
be a thing of the past) and at
one time they let children
with Spina Bifida* starve to
death thinking they would not
have a life worth living.

*Spina bifida is a birth defect where there is incomplete closing of the backbone and membranes around the spinal cord.

The Board

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Crystal Soliven

Provincial Website Maintenance Chair

websitemoaa@gmail.com

WEBSITE

https://moaabc.ca

We are all learning our roles

And slowly, but surely
finding our feet in this new
adventure, please support us,
ask us questions, give us
guidance as we are only as
good as our foundation.

We are excited to see you all at the February 2nd Education workshop and to see you at

Conference!