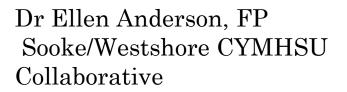
ENGAGING WITH YOUTH



Dr Jennifer Lee, FP, Victoria Youth Clinic, Victoria CYMHSU Collaborative

Tyler at 15 years of age

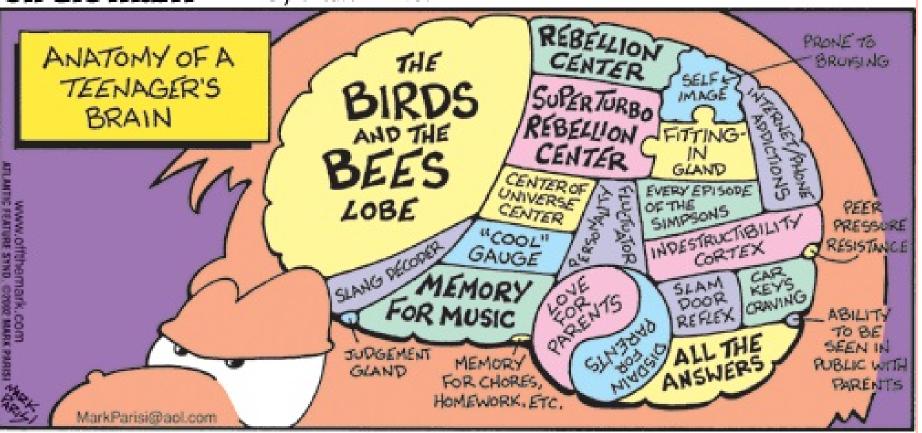


The Adolescent Brain

off the mark

by Mark Parisi

www.offthemark.com



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SCREENING ADOLESCENTS FOR MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES

"I'd like to ask you a few questions about your wellbeing, your thoughts and moods- would that

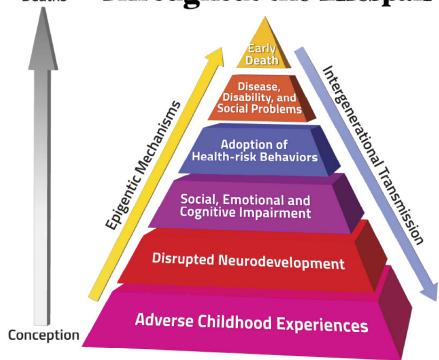
be ok with you?"

Ask about:

- Anxiety
- Mood
- Psychosis, pre-psychosis symptoms
- Use of alcohol or substances to self treat symptoms

EFFECTS OF EARLY LIFE ADVERSITY

Mechanisms by which Adverse Childhood Experiences Influence Health and Well-being Deaths Throughout the Lifespan



TRAUMA INFORMED CARE

Knowing what adversities were in a youth's past can help us anticipate the difficulties they will encounter in life.

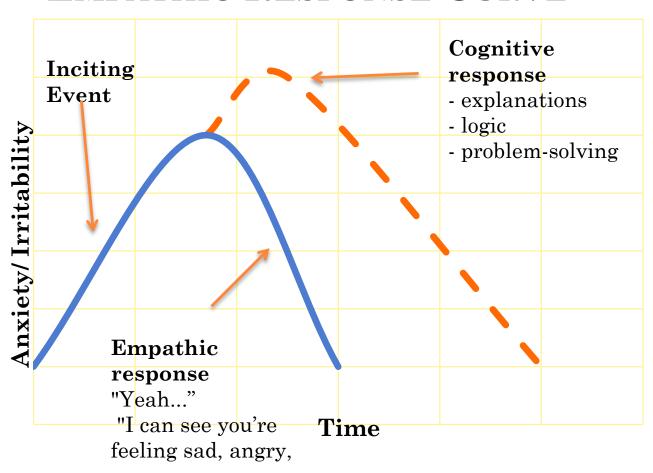




THE ROLE OF THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN

- 1. The best predictor of effective MHSU care: the quality of trust and respect in the relationship between patient and physician
- 2. Don't always need a defined psychotherapeutic modality.
- 3. Step 1 is EMPATHY. Without empathy and developing some rapport there is no therapeutic foundation to build on.

EMPATHIC RESPONSE CURVE



CONNECTING WITH YOUTH

- Step 1: Practice open minded non emotional acceptance of who they are and where they are at. Don't get overwhelmed.
- Step 2: Building rapport is the first priority
 - Empathic response
 - No solutions, no up front treatment plans, no quick fixes
 - Convey that you are trying to understand who they are
 - Give them your commitment
- Step 3: Help them prioritize and own their agenda

CAN YOU HELP?

- 1. See the big picture
- 2. Quarterback their care
- 3. Be a stable relationship in their life...be unconditionally on their side

YOUTH FRIENDLY ENVIRONMENT:

- Allow flexibility with appointments, consider
 Drop in
- Understand the challenges
- Educate yourself and staff
- Communicate with youth in a POSITIVE way
- Clarify confidentiality

"My door is always open for you"

WHAT IS SBIRT?

- Universal Screening
- Brief Intervention
- Referral to Treatment



Making Screening Easier



- o Pre-printed
 questionnaires in the
 waiting room or
 handed out to any
 patients under 25
 years
- Put screening tools on your desk top or in your EMR progress notes

SCREENING: CRAFFT

- Have you ever ridden in a CAR driven by someone (including yourself) who was "high" or had been using alcohol or drugs?
- Do you ever use alcohol or drugs to RELAX, feel better about yourself, or fit in?
- Do you ever use alcohol or drugs while you are by yourself, ALONE?
- Do your family or FRIENDS ever tell you that you should cut down on your drinking or drug use?
- Do you ever FORGET things you did while using alcohol or drugs?
- Have you gotten into TROUBLE while you were using alcohol or drugs?

H.E.A.D.S.S. - A PSYCHOSOCIAL INTERVIEW FOR ADOLESCENTS

- H ome & Environment
- E ducation & Employment/ Eating & Exercise
- A ctivities & Peer Relationships/Abuse
- D rugs, Cigarettes and Alcohol
- S exuality
- S uicide/ Safety



HARM REDUCTION

- 'Just say no' advice doesn't work
- Use youth's motivation(MI) and readiness approach
- Focus is on planning for safety

- Explore risks and protective factors
- Non Judgmental
- Open ended questions
- Address type, amount, frequency, method

BRIEF INTERVENTION: MOTIVATIONAL INTERVIEWING

- Express empathy
- Support self-efficacy
- Roll with resistance
- Develop discrepancy

"meet them where they're at"

Tyler at 17 years of age



GETTING UNSTUCK: 3 QUESTIONS

• What is it that troubles you most about your current health or situation?

• How do you feel about this?

• What do you think you could do about this?

TYLER'S RESPONSES:

That I'll end up in jail like my dad

That my mom will kick me out.

That I can't stop using drugs.

That my friends will think I'm weak because I cry.

That I'll kill somebody when I get mad.

• Tyler's feelings: angry and hopeless, the system sucks, I hate everyone, I wish I wasn't here.

BRIEF INTERVENTIONS: CO-CREATING AN EFFECTIVE CARE PLAN

- Create it together with the youth
- Keep it simple
- o Small steps at a time
- Arrange follow up

A CARE PLAN INCLUDES:

- Patient strengths and supports (a good place to start) 'What's working for you now?' 'Who can you count onto help you out with this?'
- What if you aren't better or feel worse?
- Who is this plan shared with?
- When is your next appointment?

WHAT NOT TO PUT ON A CARE PLAN

- DSMV language
- jargon
- pejorative or critical language
- Words that your patient doesn't understand
- Resources they cannot really access or get to or don't trust

PLAN FOR SMALL STEPS, OVER TIME

Tyler's Care plan for this visit:

- I will play basketball on Friday nights and commit to being sober to do this
- I will talk to my Mom about "what is expected of me" to live in the house
- If things worsen I will call my friend for support
- I agree to follow up with my FP next week to "check in"

YOU WILL SEE YOUTH WITH MH AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS

- Plan ahead
- Your non judgmental relationship will help develop trust
- Listen deeply to their story, and listen carefully for their strengths
- Understand the impact of attachment and developmental issues
- Understand the impact of trauma
- Use screening questions and assessment tools with permission
- Know your community services and resources