## AUD Medications Table - January 24th 2019

|     |   |   |                     | _  |   |  |                                  |   |  |   |
|-----|---|---|---------------------|--|---|--|----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Cho | whe   | se Clinical Scenario  | Medications for AUD | Dose   | Oral Frequency  | Form   | Cost                             | Coverage/Plan   | Notes  | Mechanism   |
| ou: | Sober >7 days                               | when patient sober.  If patient resumes drinking, it will not help them stop.   | Acamprosate         | 333mg  | 333mg TID if wt < 60kg,<br>or 666mg TID if wt ><br>60kg   | Tab  | \$5/d unless covered under plan. | After MD/NP signs Collaborative Agreement once <b>Each Year</b> all of their patients will be covered (once annual Pharmacare deductable reached). May be paid fully by Private Plans.                | Do not use if decreased renal function.  | Glutamate antagonist (reduces excitatory effect).   |
|     |   | Use for patient who is still drinking or has stopped and is likely to resume. Reduces chance of going back to heavy drinking if drinking resumes. | Naltrexone          | 50mg   | 1/2 to 1 tab qAM or 1hr<br>before first drink of day  | Tab  | \$5/d unless covered under plan. | After MD/NP signs Collaborative<br>Agreement once <b>Each Year</b> all of<br>their patients will be covered (once<br>annual Pharmacare deductable<br>reached). May be paid fully by<br>Private Plans. | Do not use if patient using opiates as it will precipitate withdrawal symptoms. Not for anyone with liver failure, unless very closely followed. May be used with Ondansetron for people with EOAUD.   | Mu-Opiod blocker reduces reward reinforcement and encourages extinction of urge. Supports functional improvement of executive decision network impaired/damaged by alcohol use.   |
|     | Still drinking                              | May be more likely to respond if also has hx or current use of cocaine, and/or if has anger volatility, and/or if has PTSD.                       | Topiramate          | 25mg   | Daily, increase by<br>25mg/day each week x<br>3wks, then by 50mg/day<br>each week to max of<br>300mg/day.                     | Tab  | \$40/mos                         | Yes/Plan G  | If significant side effects occur patient is unlikely to benefit and this med should be stopped. In pregnancy, there is a 1/200 chance of causing cleft palate, use with caution in this group balancing risk of ongoing AUD and FAS vs cleft palate in child. | Glutamate antagonist (reduces excitatory effect), GABA agonist (increases inhibitory effect), Kainate agonist that impacts Glutamate and GABA activity (excitatory reduction and inhibitory increase, respectively). Reduces craving. |
| 0   | even when                                   | may reduce chance of siezures. Hx of siezures may indicate med will work for reducing/stopping  | Gabapentin          | 300mg  | 1 tab TID, increase<br>weekly up to 600mg TID   | Tab  | \$28/mos                         | No  | Do not use if hx of stimulant abuse.   | Increases GABA which has an inhibitory effect, and decreases Glutamate which reduces excitation.  |
|     | start Medication                            | If patient has late stage liver disease and/or if drinking occurs to reduce anxiety or allow sleep.   | Baclofen            | 10mg   | Regular dosing is 10mg<br>TID, may increase to<br>20mg TID as needed.<br>For anxiety/insomnia<br>use 10mg qhs and TID<br>PRN. | Tab  | \$30/mos                         | No  | Can use even if in acute<br>liver failure  | GABA-B agonist, this has an inhibitory effect.  |
|     | Special Cimical Scenarios  Patient may star | Dx <25yo, may have black-outs, anti-social personality traits, 1st degree relative with   | Ondansetron         | 4mcg/kg  | BID (Please note this<br>AUD dose (4mcg/kg<br>BID) is much smaller<br>than dose for nausea (4-<br>8mg q8h).                   | Liquid 4mg/5ml (dispensing the liquid formulation of this med makes the med much cheaper than if compounded) | \$45/mos                         | No, but CYMH may cover, depending on circumstances.   | If drinking gets worse stop<br>and use sertraline 50mg OD<br>instead. May be used in<br>addition to Naltrexone for<br>people with EOAUD.   | Serotonin transport function is impaired in EOAUD. Ondansetron, as a serotonin antagonist, can improve the functioning of the system that the alcohol was damaging.   |
|     |   | Depressed but AUD onset later than 25 yo and clinical scenario not EOAUD.   | Sertraline          | 50-100mg   | Daily.  | Capsule<br>(yellow/white)  | \$30/mos                         | Yes/Plan G  | Can help people with AUD who are depressed. If drinking gets worse stop and use ondansetron 4mcg/kg bid instead.   | Serotonin transport function is impaired in AUD and Sertraline improves the functional deficit of serotonin that occurs. Naltrexone can be used in addition to address drinking.  |
|     |   |   |                     | By Dr. Jeff Harries. For further details see UpToDate, American Psychiatric Association AUD Practice Guidlines 2018, and Canadian Psychiatric Assoc AUD Training Overview June 2015. |   |  |                                  |   |  |   |

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