Physician Forum on the Opioid Crisis & Addiction Medicine

Campbell River Golf & Country Club | 17 April 2018

Community Specific Discussion Notes

Campbell River Discussion

What is working well?

- Great group of engaged Opioid Agonist Treatment (OAT) physicians in the community
- Great local education opportunities available
- Great General Practitioner (GP) adoption of treatment model and attitudes toward it
- Young/recently graduated nurses are well trained in this area, and acting as good referral base
- Continuity of care:
 - Intensive Case Management (ICM) team and <u>Assertive Community Treatment</u> (ACT) program are good enablers
 - Sobering Assessment Centre and integration of resources
- Emergency Department (ED) physicians' availability for Suboxone starts

What are the challenges or barriers to providing care?

- How to route family and friend-of-patient referrals
- Health professionals' attitudes (although many suggested this may have shifted positively in recent years)
- · Physician referrals of pain patients
 - How to expand referrals to other patient cohorts
- Community is a large geographic area with many rural and remote outlying neighbourhoods that can be hard to reach
- Communication between GP/Primary Care providers and Mental Health Substance Use (MHSU) program/clinicians
 - Documentation silos of information
 - o Return communication from specialists to GPs not always received
- Time pressures in primary care encounters
 - o Fee-for-service billing structural (dis)enablers
- GP/Primary Care provider understanding of requirements and best practices in starting OAT

What do you need?

- To know expectations; where GP support should start, and how to interact with patients already on a specialists'
 case load
- Support on how to effectively get patients to the needed Clinical Opioid Withdrawal (COW) score
 - A physical location that is able to hold/support the patient for the required 12-24 hours
- Improved communication with Island Health's MHSU department
- Ability to have Suboxone inductions done in-community with community nurses and OAT physicians; the service
 going to where the patients are physically located
- One stop shop for patient support

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Comox Valley Discussion

What is working well?

- Knowing who to call (this was not agreed upon by all discussion participants, however)
- Availability of documentation on VIHA website
- Health Connections Clinic can provide Suboxone and psycho-social supports

What are the challenges or barriers to providing care?

- Withdrawal Management Nurse is not available to hospital
- ED physicians don't know who to call for patients who are already on OAT, and what the follow-up process is
- No RACE line on weekends
- Lack of communication between Mental Health Substance Use (MHSU) and GPs

What do you need?

- To have someone in ED/In-Patient care to connect the patient with out-patient/community services
- More funding for OAT in primary care; Island Health's Health Connections Clinic OAT is currently at capacity
- ED needs consistent place to send patients for follow-up
 - Send to pharmacy for holding dose?
- Social worker to connect patients with financial assistance, housing, etc.
- Future Ideal State(?): Primary care management with appropriate specialist backup; providing coverage as a community (clinics collaborating).